# **MITOSIS**

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## **MITOSIS**

( A Term Might Be Used More Than Once)

## **ACROSS**

- 1. Phase during which the chromosomes line up along the center of the cell
- 4. Phase during which microtubules connect the centromeres of the chromosomes to the poles of the spindle
- 5. Another term for the center of the cell where the chromosomes line up during mitosis
- 7. Phase during which a nuclear envelope surrounds each set of chromosomes
- 13. In many cell, this process follows mitosis (2 words)
- 16. Phase during which the chromosomes condense into short, thickened rods
- 18. DNA does this prior to prophase
- 19. Phase between cell divisions

#### DOWN

- 2. Type of cells that undergo mitosis
- 3. One of the factors of a cell that leads to mitosis
- 6. After the chromosome has made a copy of itself, each of the two strands is called this
- 8. Mitosis is the division of this
- 9. Phase during which the centrioles separate and move to opposite sides of the cell
- 10. Term that represents the number of chromosomes in the nucleus of a cell following mitosis
- 11. Phase during which identical sets of chromosomes are moved to opposite sides of the cell
- 12. Proper terms meaning cell division
- 13. Structure that holds each chromosome to its exact copy
- 14. Term that represents the number of chromosomes in the nucleus of a cell prior to mitosis
- 15. A term that should not be confused with mitosis
- 17. Phase that takes about 50 to 60 percent of the total time to complete mitosis

### Use the following words:

Eukaryotic, chromatid, telophase, prophase, meiosis, nucleus, centromere, equator, cytokinesis, metaphase, size, nucleus, anaphase, diploid, prophase, replicates, interphase, centromere, cell division,